

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **SECTION 1:**

#### PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

# Hydrochloric Acid, 31 – 36.7%

Product Name: Hydrochloric Acid, 31-36.7%

**Identified Uses:** acid etching, steel pickling, oil and gas, ore and mineral, food processing, pharmaceutical, organic chemical synthesis

**Company Information:** 

ASHTA Chemicals Inc. P.O. Box 858 Ashtabula Ohio 44005 Phone: (440) 997-5221 Fax: (440) 998-0286 24-hour Emergency Phone:

**CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300** 

#### **SECTION 2:**

#### **HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements:

Signal Word: Danger

Pictogram(s):



Hazard Statements		
H290	May be corrosive to metals.	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
	Precautionary Statements	
P234	Keep only in original container.	
P261	Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ mist/ vapors/ spray.	
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.	
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.	
P301 + P330 + P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated	
	clothing. Rinse skin with water. Shower.	



P304 + P340 + P310	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P305 + P351 + P338 +	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
P310	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately
	call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container with a resistant inner liner.
P405	Store locked up.
P406	Store in corrosive resistant stainless steel container with a resistant inner liner.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### **SECTION 3:**

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#### **COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Synonyms: CHEMICAL NAME: TRADE NAME: SYNONYMS:	Hydrochloric acid Hydrochloric acid, 31 – 36.7% Muriatic acid, Chlorohydric acid, Hydrogen Chloride
C.A.S:	7647-01-0
EC:	231-595-7
WHMIS:	D2A, E
CHEMICAL FORMULA:	HCl (in aqueous solution)
CHEMICAL FAMILY:	Inorganic Acid

#### **SECTION 4**

#### **FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **Description of first aid measures:**

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give humidified air. Give oxygen, but only by a certified physician. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to medical facility.

#### If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Consult a physician.



#### **SECTION 5**

#### **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flash Point (Method):	Non-combustible.
Extinguishing Media:	Use extinguishing agents compatible with acid and appropriate
	for the burning material. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Auto Ignition Temp:	Non-combustible.
Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards:	Releases flammable hydrogen gas when reacting with metals.

#### SECTION 6

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Environmental Precautions:**

Use closed systems when possible. Provide local exhaust ventilation where vapor or mist may be generated. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

#### **Containment and Cleaning:**

Follow preplanned emergency procedures. Only properly equipped, trained, functional personnel should attempt to contain a leak. All other personnel should be evacuated from the danger area. Using full protective equipment, apply appropriate emergency device or other securement technology to stop the leak if possible.

Small Spill:	Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. If necessary: neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate.
Large Spill:	Corrosive liquid. Stop leak if without risk. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray curtain to knock down vapor drift. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate. Be careful that vapor is not present at a concentration level above TLV.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions to be taken for handling and storage:

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Do not empty into drains. Use caution when combining with water; DO NOT add water to acid, ALWAYS add acid to water while stirring to prevent release of heat, steam and fumes. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Store closed containers in a clean, cool, open or well ventilated area. Keep out of sun.



#### EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Principal Component:** Hydrochloric Acid **Occupational Exposure Limits:** Regulatory Limits:

Component	OSHA Final PEL TWA	OSHA Final PEL STEL	OSHA Final PEL Ceiling
Hydrochloric Acid Mixture			5 ppm 7.59 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ACGIH TLV =	5 ppm (7.59 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) TV	WA	
NIOSH IDLH =	50 ppm (as HCl, 2010)		
<b>Exposure Controls:</b>			
Eye Protection:	Use equipme	g safety goggles. Face shi ent for eye protection teste government standards such	d and approved under
Respiratory Protection:	appropriate u combination cartridges as is the sole mu respirator. U approved und	ssessment shows air-purif ise a full-face respirator w (US) or type ABEK (EN a backup to engineering c eans of protection, use a fi se respirators and compon der appropriate governmen or CEN (EU).	ith multipurpose 14387) respirator controls. If the respirator ull-face supplied air ents tested and
Other Protection:	Complete su protective eq	it protecting against chem uipment must be selected an and amount of the dange	according to the
Ventilation Recommende Glove Type Recommend	ed: Exhaust vent	ilation is required to meet ne, nitrile, butyl rubber o	

#### **SECTION 9:**

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance	Colorless to light yellow liquid
Odor	Pungent (irritating/strong)
Odor Threshold	0.3ppm (can cause olfactory fatigue)
pH	<1 (in aqueous solution)
Melting point/freezing point	-30°C (-22°F)
Initial boiling point	>100°C (>212°F)
Flash point	Not applicable
Auto-ignition Temp	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	No data available



Decomposition temperature	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not combustible
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not combustible
Water solubility	100%
Molecular Weight	36.46
Relative Density (Specific Gravity)	1.16 (32% HCl solution)
	1.19 (36.5% HCl solution)
Bulk Density	8.75 lbs/gal (32% HCl solution)
	9.83 lbs/gal (36.5% HCl solution)
Vapor Density (air = 1)	1.267 at 20 °C
Vapor Pressure	84 mm Hg @ 20°C
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available

SECTION 10: S	TABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Stability:	Hydrochloric acid is stable under normal conditions and pressures.
Conditions to avoid:	Incompatible materials, metals, excess heat, bases.
Incompatibility:	Bases, amines, metals, permanganates, (e.g. potassium permanganate), fluorine, metal acetylides, hexalithium disilicide.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Hydrogen chloride, chlorine, hydrogen gas.
Polymerization:	Hazardous polymerization WILL NOT occur.
SECTION 11: T	OXICOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on likely routes of exposure:

Inhalation:	Vapors and mist will irritate throat and respiratory system and
	cause coughing.
Skin contact:	Causes skin burns.
Eye contact:	Causes eye burns.
Ingestion:	Harmful if swallowed. Causes digestive tract burns. Ingestion
	may produce burns to the lips, oral cavity, upper airway,
	esophagus and possibly the digestive tract.

### **Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:** Contact with this material will cause burns to the skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

#### Information on toxicological effects:

Acute toxicity:	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/eye	
Irritation:	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitization:	Not available.



Skin sensitization:	No data available.
Germ cell mutagenicity:	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity:	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP or OSHA.
Reproductive toxicity:	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity -	1
single exposure:	May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity -	
repeated exposure:	No data available.
Aspiration hazard:	Not available.
Chronic effects:	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

# **Components Species Test Results:** Hydrochloric acid (CAS# 7647-01-0)

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Because of the low pH of this product, it would be expected produce significant ecotoxicity upon exposure to aquatic organisms and aquatic systems. This material is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Most aquatic species do not tolerate pH lower than 5.5 for any
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extended period.
Fish LC <sub>50</sub> Mosquito fish: 282 mg/l, 96 hours Fish LC <sub>50</sub> Bluegill: 3.6 mg/l, 48 hours
Not biodegradable. Hydrochloric acid will likely be neutralized to chloride by alkalinity present in natural environment
No data available.
Hydrochloric acid will be neutralized by naturally occurring alkalinity. The acid will permeate soil, dissolving some soil material and will then neutralize.
No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion photochemical ozone creation

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at a properly licensed waste disposal site. This material, if not neutralized, must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national or international regulations.



#### SECTION 14:

#### **TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Tank cars, bulk tankers.

Ambient.

Indefinite (life of containers).

#### **Shipping:**

Usual Shipping Containers: Usual Shelf Life: Storage/Transport Temperatures:

#### **Suitable Storage:**

Materials/Coatings:

Teflon, Tygon, Rubber, PVC and polypropylene materials.

#### **D.O.T. Information:**

Labeling: D.O.T. Identification Number D.O.T. Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Packing Group: Hazard Guide: Placard: Corrosive UN 1789 Hydrochloric Acid 8 II 157 UN 1789

#### **SECTION 15**

#### **REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

#### SARA 313 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Hydrochloric Acid CAS#: 7647-01-0

#### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute health hazard, reactive hazard.

Massachusetts Right To Know ComponentsHydrochloric AcidCAS#: 7647-01-0Pennsylvania Right To Know ComponentsCAS#: 7647-01-0Hydrochloric AcidCAS#: 7647-01-0New Jersey Right To Know ComponentsCAS#: 7647-01-0Hydrochloric AcidCAS#: 7647-01-0

#### California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or any other reproductive harm.

#### **OSHA PSM TPQ:**

CAS# 7647-01-0 is regulated under OSHA PSM *only* if anhydrous or >37% HCl.



**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):** Hydrochloric Acid C

CAS#: 7647-01-0

Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation Liability Act: (CERCLA)Hydrochloric AcidCAS#: 7647-01-0

#### **SECTION 16**

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

**NFPA Rating:** Health hazard: 3

Fire Hazard: 0 Reactivity Hazard: 1

This information is drawn from recognized sources believed to be reliable. ASHTA Chemicals, Inc. Makes no guarantees or assumes any liability in connection with this information. The user should be aware of changing technology, research, regulations, and analytical procedures that may require changes herein. The above data is supplied upon the condition that persons will evaluate this information and then determine its suitability for their use. Only U.S.A regulations apply to the above.

- Version 1.0 For the new GHS SDS Standard
- Version 1.1 Graphics updated
- Version 1.2 Title updated
- Version 1.3 Section 9 changes

Revision Date: 12/31/2014 Revision Date: 3/9/2015 Revision Date: 6/2/2015 Revision Date: 7/30/2015