# CHEMTRADE

## **Sodium Chlorate**

Safety Data Sheet

According to U.S. Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations and according to Canada's

Version: 2.0

Hazardous Products Regulation, February 11, 2015.

Revision Date: 11/27/2017 Date of Issue: 05/09/2015

## **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

## **Product Identifier**

**Product Form:** Substance **Product Name:** Sodium Chlorate

Synonyms: Chlorate of soda; Chloric acid, sodium salt, Sodium Chlorate Crystal

#### Intended Use of the Product

Production of Chlorine dioxide for bleaching pulp; Herbicide Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

#### Manufacturer

CHEMTRADE LOGISTICS INC. 155 Gordon Baker Road Suite 300

Toronto, Ontario M2H 3N5
For SDS Info: (416) 496-5856
www.chemtradelogistics.com
Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : Canada: CANUTEC +1-613-996-6666 / U

Canada: CANUTEC +1-613-996-6666 / US: CHEMTREC +1-800-424-9300

INTERNATIONAL: +1-703-741-5970 Chemtrade Emergency Contact: (866) 416-4404

For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, call CHEMTREC - Day or Night

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## **Classification of the Substance or Mixture**

#### **GHS Classification**

Ox. Sol. 1 H271 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

# **Label Elements**

GHS Labeling

Hazard Pictograms



GHS07



Signal Word : Danger

**Hazard Statements** : H271 – May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary Statements**: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P220 - Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.

P221 – Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles and other incompatible

materials

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P301+P312+P330 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Rinse mouth.

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P371+P380+P375 - In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to high risk of explosion.

P306+P360 – IF ON CLOTHING: Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P420 Store away from incompatible materials

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

#### Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Overexposure may cause methemoglobinemia. Initial manifestation of methemoglobinemia is cyanosis, characterized by navy lips, tongue and mucous membranes, with skin color being slate grey. Further manifestation is characterized by headache, weakness, dyspnea, dizziness, stupor, respiratory distress and death due to anoxia.

Thermally unstable at elevated temperatures. (>265°C)

## **Unknown acute toxicity**

No data available

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## **Substance**

Name	Product Identifier	%*	GHS Ingredient Classification
Sodium chlorate	(CAS-No.) 7775-09-9	> 99.6	Ox. Sol. 1, H271
			Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
			Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## **Description of First-aid Measures**

**General:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

**Inhalation:** When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical advice/attention. Wash clothing before storing or reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Eye Contact:** Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

# Most Important Symptoms and Effects both Acute and Delayed

**General:** Harmful if swallowed. Overexposure to this material may result in methemoglobinemia. Methemoglobinemia decreases the blood's ability to carry oxygen and results in symptoms such as dizziness, drowsiness, headache, shortness of breath, blue skin and lips, rapid heart rate, unconsciousness, and possibly death.

Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

**Skin Contact:** Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes.

**Ingestion:** Ingestion may cause adverse effects. Overexposure may result in hemolytic and renal toxicity.

**Chronic Symptoms:** None expected under normal conditions of use. Overexposure to this material may result in methemoglobinemia.

## Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

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<sup>\*</sup>Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).

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## **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **Extinguishing Media**

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water. Use water spray or fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use dry extinguishing powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Do not use fire blanket.

#### Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

Explosion Hazard: Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

**Reactivity:** Oxidizer: increases the burning rate of combustible materials.

#### **Advice for Firefighters**

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

**Firefighting Instructions:** Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

**Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Irritating or toxic vapors. Halogenated compounds, metal oxide/oxides.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## **Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures**

**General Measures:** Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking, flames, hot surfaces, sparks, or other ignition sources in the area. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Keep away from combustible material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

**Emergency Procedures:** Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### For Emergency Personnel

**Protective Equipment:** Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

**Emergency Procedures:** Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

## **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

**For Containment:** Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Use only non-sparking tools.

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material.

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces, combustible materials, incompatible materials. - No smoking.

Additional Hazards When Processed: May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

**Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

#### **Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities**

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

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**Storage Conditions:** Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from extremely high or low temperatures, incompatible materials, food and drink. Keep in fireproof place. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids. Reducing agents. Combustible materials. Ammonia. Organic materials. Reactive metals (Al, K, Zn, etc.).

## Specific End Use(s)

Mainly used in the on-site production of chlorine dioxide for bleaching pulp. Also, used in the manufacture of dyes, explosives & matches, perchlorate manufacturing, ore processing, leather tanning and finishing, production of oxygen in rescue breathing apparatus, as an oxidizing agent, analytical reagent and herbicide.

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control Parameters**

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

#### **Exposure Controls**

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles or safety glasses.







Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

**Eye Protection:** Chemical safety goggles or safety glasses. **Skin and Body Protection:** Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Respiratory Protection:** If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Solid

**Appearance** : Colorless or white crystals

Odor Threshold : Odorless

Odor Threshold : Not available

pH : 7 - 9 (Neutral as solution in water) Oxidizing activity increases with

decreasing pH.

Evaporation Rate: Not availableMelting Point: 248 °C (478.4 °F)Freezing Point: Not available

**Boiling Point** : 265 °C (509 °F) decomposes

Flash Point : Not applicable
Auto-ignition Temperature : Not applicable
Decomposition Temperature : Not available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Lower Flammable Limit : Not available
Upper Flammable Limit : Not available

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Vapor Pressure : 0 mm Hg does not form a vapor

Relative Vapor Density at 20°C: Not availableRelative Density: Not availableSpecific Gravity: 2.49 g/cm³Solubility: Soluble.

Water: 96 - 100 g/100ml @ 20°C (68 °F)

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water : Log Pow -7.18 (estimated)

Viscosity : Not applicable

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Reactivity:** Oxidizer: increases the burning rate of combustible materials.

**Chemical Stability:** May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

<u>Possibility of Hazardous Reactions</u>: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Extremely high or low temperatures, ignition sources, combustible materials, incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Reducing agents. Organic materials. Mixture with flammable or combustible materials may ignite readily or explode and be sensitive to shock, heat, or friction. Mixtures of dry sodium chlorate with organic materials such as cloth, paper, leather, oils, greases, paints, and solvents may be readily ignited by heat or friction. Reacts violently with combustibles, sulfuric acid, and reducing materials. Explosions may be caused by contact with ammonia salts, ammonium thiosulfate, antimony sulfide, arsenic, carbon, charcoal, organic matter, organic acids, thiocyanates, chemically active metals, oils, metal sulfides, nitrobenzene, powdered metals, and sugar. Reacts with many organic materials to form shock-sensitive mixtures, causing explosion hazard.

<u>Hazardous Decomposition Products</u>: None expected under normal conditions of use. Decomposes at 265° C into oxygen and salt. Reacts with acids to produce chlorine, chlorine dioxide and perchloric acid.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Information on Toxicological Effects - Product**

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Oral: Harmful if swallowed.

Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Sodium Chlorate Crystal (7775-09-9)	
ATE (Oral)	1,204.82 mg/kg body weight

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 7 - 9 (Neutral as solution in water) Oxidizing activity increases with decreasing pH.

Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 7 - 9 (Neutral as solution in water) Oxidizing activity increases with decreasing pH.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

**Symptoms/Effects After Inhalation:** Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. Cyanosis may be noted within several hours following inhalation or ingestion.

**Symptoms/Effects After Skin Contact:** Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.

**Symptoms/Effects After Eye Contact:** May cause slight irritation to eyes.

**Symptoms/Effects After Ingestion:** Ingestion may cause adverse effects. Overexposure may result in hemolytic and renal toxicity. Ingesting large quantities can cause abdominal pain, nausea, and diarrhea, possibly with dark blood, cyanosis, possibly progressing to headache, difficulty breathing, dizziness, seizures, or coma. Symptoms may include redness and edema.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use. Overexposure to this material may result in methemoglobinemia.

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## <u>Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)</u>

#### LD50 and LC50 Data:

Sodium chlorate (7775-09-9)			
LD50 Oral Rat	1200 mg/kg		
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg		
LC50 Inhalation Rat > 5.59 mg/l (Exposure time: 4.5 h)			
Sodium chlorate (7775-09-9)			
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Some evidence of carcinogentic activity.		

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Toxicity**

Ecology - General: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Sodium chlorate (7775-09-9)	
LC50 Fish 1	13500 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
LC50 Fish 2	1750 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)

## **Persistence and Degradability**

Sodium Chlorate Crystal (7775-09-9)	
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.
•	

#### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Sodium Chlorate Crystal (7775-09-9)	
<b>Bioaccumulative Potential</b>	Not established.

Mobility in Soil Not available

**Other Adverse Effects** 

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**Additional Information:** Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

**Ecology - Waste Materials:** Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

- \*When shipped in accordance with US DOT 49 CFR part 171.4(c) and other appropriate sections/provisions this material is not designated as a marine pollutant when transported by road or rail.
- \*\*When shipped in accordance with the Canada Transport of Dangerous Goods Regulations part 1.45.1 and other appropriate sections/provisions this material is not designated as a marine pollutant when transported by road or rail.

**Special precautions for user**: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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TRANSPORTATION	DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA	
CLASSIFICATION					
Identification Number	UN1495	UN1495	UN1495	UN1495	
Proper Shipping Name	e SODIUM CHLORATE SODIUM CHLOI		SODIUM CHLORATE	SODIUM CHLORATE	
Transport Hazard Class(es)	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	
	OXIDIZER S.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	
Packing Group	II	II	II	II	
Environmental Hazards	Marine Pollutant : Yes*	Marine Pollutant : Yes**	Marine Pollutant : Yes	Marine Pollutant: N/A	
Emergency Response	ERG Number: 140	ERAP Index: Not applicable	EMS: F-H, S-Q	ERG code (IATA): 5L	
Additional Information	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## **US Federal Regulations**

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	CERCLA RQ	EPCRA 304 RQ	SARA 302 TPQ	SARA 313
Sodium chlorate (7775-09-9)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	No

#### SARA 311/312

## Sodium Chlorate Crystal (7775-09-9)

Fire hazard. Immediate (acute) health hazard

## **US TSCA Flags** Not present

# **US State Regulations**

#### **California Proposition 65**

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental	Female Reproductive	Male Reproductive
		Toxicity	Toxicity	Toxicity
Sodium chlorate (7775-09-9)	No	No	No	No

## **State Right-To-Know Lists**

## Sodium chlorate (7775-09-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List Yes
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List Yes
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List No
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances No
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List Yes

## **Canadian Regulations**

## Sodium chlorate (7775-09-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Not listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

# **International Inventories/Lists**

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Australia	Turkey	Korea	EU	EU	EU	EU	Mexico
	AICS	CICR	ECL	EINECS	ELINCS	SVHC	NLP	INSQ
Sodium chlorate (7775-09-9)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Chemical Name (CAS No.)	China IECSC	Japan ENCS	Japan ISHL	Japan PDSCL	Japan PRTR	Philippines PICCS	New Zealand NZIOC	US TSCA
Sodium chlorate (7775-09-9)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

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#### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

**Date of Preparation or Latest Revision** : 11/27/2017

**Revision Summary** 

Section	Change	Date Changed
2	Precautionary statements modified	11/27/2017
4	Language modified	11/27/2017
5	Language modified	11/27/2017
6	Language modified	11/27/2017
7	Language modified	11/27/2017
8	Language modified	11/27/2017
10	Language modified	11/27/2017
11	Data modified	11/27/2017
13	Language modified	11/27/2017
15	Language modified	11/27/2017
16	Data modified	11/27/2017

**Other Information** 

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR).

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Ox. Sol. 1	Oxidizing solids Category 1
H271	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **NFPA 704**

NFPA Health Hazard : 1 NFPA Fire Hazard : 0 NFPA Reactivity Hazard : 3

NFPA Specific Hazards : OX - Materials that posses oxidizing properties.

**HMIS Rating** 

Health : 1 Flammability : 0 Physical : 3

PPE See Section 8

#### **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

AICS – Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances LC50 - Median Lethal Concentration

ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists LD50 - Median Lethal Dose

AIHA – American Industrial Hygiene Association

LOAEL - Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

LOEC - Lowest-observed-effect Concentration

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

BEI - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

LOEC - Lowest-observed-effect Concentration

Log Pow - Octanol/water Partition Coefficient

NFPA 704 – National Fire Protection Association - Standard System for the

CAS No. - Chemical Abstracts Service number Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response

CERCLA RQ - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and
Liability Act - Reportable Quantity

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NLP - Europe No Longer Polymers List

CICR - Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals
DOT – 49 CFR – US Department of Transportation – Code of Federal
Regulations Title 49 – Transportation.

NOAEL - No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC - No-Observed Effect Concentration
NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

EC50 - Median effective concentration

OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits

ECL - Korea Existing Chemicals List

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

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EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

**ELINCS - European List of Notified Chemical Substances** 

EmS - IMDG Emergency Schedule Fire & Spillage

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

EPCRA 304 RQ – EPCRA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substance Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know-Act – Reportable Quantity ERAP Index – Emergency Response Assistance Plan Quantity Limit

ErC50 - EC50 in Terms of Reduction Growth Rate

ERG code (IATA) - Emergency Response Drill Code as found in the International

Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)

ERG No. - Emergency Response Guide Number HCCL - Hazard Communication Carcinogen List HMIS – Hazardous Materials Information System

 $\label{large} \mbox{IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer}$ 

 ${\sf IATA-International\,Air\,Transport\,Association-Dangerous\,Goods\,Regulations}$ 

IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in

China

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code INSQ - Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances

ISHL - Japan Industrial Safety and Health Law

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limits

PICCS - Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances PDSCL - Japan Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

PPE - Personal Protective Equipment

PRTR - Japan Pollutant Release and Transfer Register

**REL - Recommended Exposure Limit** 

SADT - Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SARA 302 - Section 302, 40 CFR Part 355

SARA 311/312 - Sections 311 and 312, 40 CFR Part 370 Hazard Categories

SARA 313 - Section 313, 40 CFR Part 372 SRCL - Specifically Regulated Carcinogen List

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

SVHC – European Candidate List of Substance of Very High Concern TDG – Transport Canada Transport of Dangerous Goods Regulations

TLM - Median Tolerance Limit TLV - Threshold Limit Value TPQ - Threshold Planning Quantity

TSCA - United StatesToxic Substances Control Act

TWA - Time Weighted Average

WEEL - Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels

Handle product with due care and avoid unnecessary contact. This information is supplied under U.S. OSHA'S "Right to Know" (29 CFR 1910.1200) and Canada's WHMIS regulations. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards that exist. The information contained herein is based on data available to us and is believed to be true and accurate but it is not offered as a product specification. No warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of this data, the hazards connected with the use of the product, or the results to be obtained from the use thereof, is made and Chemtrade and its affiliates assume no responsibility. Chemtrade is a member of the CIAC (Chemistry Industry Association of Canada) and adheres to the codes and principles of Responsible Care™.



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